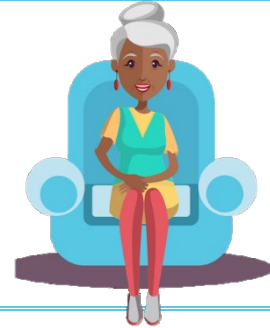
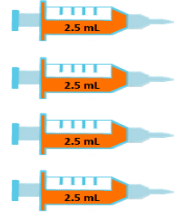


# SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION OF REGEN-COV

## Co-formulated Product

REGEN-COV  
(casirivimab and imdevimab)  
600 mg/600 mg per 10 mL

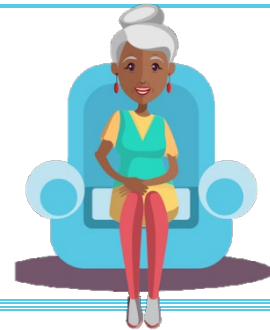
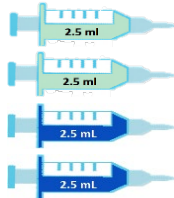


## Separate Vials

casirivimab 300 mg/2.5 mL  
x 2



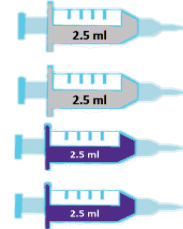
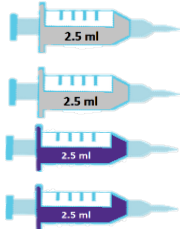
imdevimab 300 mg/2.5 mL  
x 2



casirivimab  
1332 mg/11.1 mL



imdevimab  
1332 mg/11.1 mL



You may use an 11.1 mL vial to prepare **two** doses of 600 mg of casirivimab or 600 mg of imdevimab simultaneously for IV or SUBQ administration. Label medication container(s) immediately after preparation. Discard any product remaining in the vial. Administer prepared product immediately. If immediate administration is not possible, **storage must not exceed four (4) hours** unless the product was prepared in an environment with at least ISO Class 5 air quality in accordance with United States Pharmacopeia (USP) General Chapter <797> pharmacy standards for compounding sterile products.

Intravenous administration is strongly recommended. Subcutaneous injection is an alternative route of administration when intravenous infusion is not feasible and would lead to delay in treatment.

# SUBCUTANEOUS INJECTION OF REGEN-COV

Whether you use the co-formulated product or the individual vials,  
**EACH PATIENT WILL RECEIVE A TOTAL OF 4 INJECTIONS OF 2.5 ML EACH**

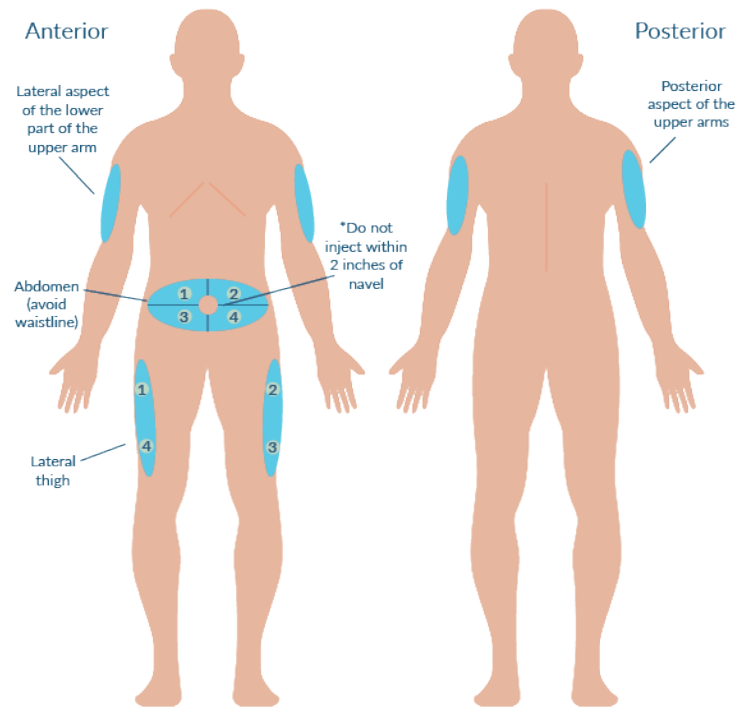


- Administer the subcutaneous injections consecutively, each at a different injection site, into the thigh, back of the upper arm, or abdomen, except for 2 inches (5 cm) around the navel.
- Avoid waistline, and skin that is tender, damaged, bruised, or scarred.

- Use different quadrants of the abdomen or upper thighs or back of the upper arms to space apart each 2.5 mL

- Use 21-gauge 1 ½ inch needle to withdraw 2.5 mL into each syringe.
- Administer using 25- or 27-gauge 1/2-5/8 inch needle.

- Disinfect the injection site with an alcohol swab and **allow to completely air dry.**
- Do not fan or wipe with gauze.



- Inject using a 45- or 90-degree angle.
  - For normal-sized adult or obese patients, use a 90-degree angle.
  - For thin patients, or those with less adipose tissue at the selected injection site, use a 45-degree angle.